Peas

Key Points

- An excellent source of vitamins C and K and a good source of vitamin A and folate.

 Contain carotenoids that may be good for health and peas are a good source of fiber in the diet.
- ▶ Choose firm, bright green, medium-sized pods with no signs of decay or wilting.
- Wash hands with warm water and soap for at least 20 seconds before and after handling fresh fruits and vegetables.
- ▶ Refrigerate peas in a perforated plastic bag for up to seven days. Shell peas immediately before using.

Layered Lettuce Salad

Number of servings: 12

Ingredients:

- 1 head romaine lettuce, torn in bitesize pieces
- 1 cucumber, sliced and quartered
- 1 onion, chopped
- 1 pound peas, shelled and blanched
- 6 ounces low-fat plain yogurt
- 4 ounces low-fat cheddar cheese, shredded

Directions:

- Layer lettuce across the bottom of a serving bowl. Place cucumbers evenly over the lettuce, then add the onions, followed by the peas.
- Spread yogurt on top of peas in a thin layer. Sprinkle grated cheese over all.
- Cover and refrigerate overnight to allow flavors to blend. Serve cold.
- Variations: Add chopped tomatoes, celery, or other fresh vegetables as layers. Use any light salad dressing instead of yogurt.

Per serving: 72 calories; 1 g fat (trace saturated fat); 6 g protein; 10 g carbohydrate; 3 g dietary fiber; 3 mg cholesterol; 76 mg sodium.

Italian Peas

Number of servings: 6

Ingredients:

- 1 tablespoon canola oil
- 1 onion, chopped
- 2 cloves garlic, minced
- 1 pound fresh green peas, shelled and blanched
- 1 tablespoon chicken stock

Ground black pepper to taste

Directions:

- Heat canola oil in a nonstick skillet over medium heat.
- Stir in onion and garlic, cook about 5 minutes.
- Add peas and stir in chicken stock. Season with pepper to taste.
- Cover and cook until the peas are tender, about 10 minutes.

Per serving: 90 calories; 3 g fat (trace saturated fat); 4 g protein; 13 g carbohydrate; 4 g dietary fiber; 0 mg cholesterol; 27 mg sodium.



- Brighten up soups, stews, and casseroles with colorful peas.
- Ask children to help you shell peas from fresh pea pods. They will be more likely to try them

 and to like them too.
- Wash thoroughly with running water before peeling, cutting, or eating. Do not wash produce until ready to eat.
- Stir peas into cooked rice or barley. Season with herbs.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) is an equal opportunity provider and employer. This material is partially funded by USDA's Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - SNAP which provides nutrition assistance to people with low income. It can help you buy nutritious foods for a better diet. To find out more, contact your county or city Department of Social Services or to locate your county office call toll-free: 1-800-552-3431 (M-F 8:15-5:00, except holidays). By calling your local DSS office, you can get other useful information about services. This material was partially funded by the Expanded Food Nutrition Education Program, USDA, NIFA.



Virginia Tech • Virginia State University

Produced by the Office of Communications and Marketing in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences.

Virginia Cooperative Extension programs and employment are open to all, regardless of age, color, disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, national origin, political affiliation, race, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, veteran status, or any other basis protected by law. An equal opportunity/affirmative action employer.